

**Reliance Commercial Finance Limited**  
**Policy For Determining Material Subsidiaries**

**INTRODUCTION**

The Board of Directors (the ‘Board’) of Reliance Commercial Finance Limited (“RCFL” or “Company”) has adopted the following policy and procedures with regard to determination of Material Subsidiaries as defined below.

**OBJECTIVE**

The objective of the Policy is to determine material subsidiaries of the Company in accordance with the criteria of the Regulations 16(1)(c) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

**DEFINITIONS**

“**Audit Committee**” means “Audit Committee” constituted by the Board of Directors of Reliance Commercial Finance Limited, from time to time.

“**Board of Directors**” or “**Board**” means the Board of Directors of Reliance Commercial Finance Limited as constituted from time to time.

“**Independent Director**” means a director of the Company, not being a whole-time director and who is neither a promoter nor belongs to the promoter group of the Company and who satisfies other criteria for independence under the Companies Act and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

“**Material Subsidiary**” shall mean a subsidiary, whose income or net worth exceeds 10% of the consolidated income or net worth respectively, of the listed entity and its subsidiaries in the immediately preceding accounting year.

“**Material Unlisted Indian Subsidiary**” shall mean an unlisted subsidiary, incorporated in India, whose income or net worth (i.e. paid up capital and free reserves) exceeds 10% of the consolidated income or net worth respectively, of the Company and its subsidiaries in the immediately preceding accounting year.

“**Significant Transaction or Arrangement**” shall mean any individual transaction or arrangement that exceeds or is likely to exceed 10% of the total revenues or total expenses or total assets or total liabilities, as the case may be, of the material unlisted subsidiary for the immediately preceding accounting year.

“**Subsidiary**” shall be as defined under the Act and the rules made thereunder.

“**Unlisted Subsidiary**” means subsidiary whose securities are not listed on any recognized Stock Exchanges.

## **POLICY AND PROCEDURE**

1. The Audit Committee shall also review the financial statements, in particular, the investments made by the unlisted subsidiary of the Company.
2. The minutes of the Board meetings of the unlisted subsidiary company shall be placed at the Board meeting of the Company at regular intervals.
3. The Board shall be provided periodically with a statement of all significant transactions and arrangements entered into by the unlisted subsidiary Company.
4. At least one Independent Director of the Company shall be a director on the board of the unlisted material subsidiary whether incorporated in India or not. Only for the purposes of this provision, notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in regulation 16(1)(c), the term “material subsidiary” shall mean a subsidiary, whose income or net worth exceeds twenty percent of the consolidated income or net worth respectively, of the listed entity and its subsidiaries in the immediately preceding accounting year.
5. The Company shall not dispose of shares in its material subsidiary, which would reduce its shareholding (either on its own or together with other subsidiaries) to less than 50% or cease the exercise of control over the subsidiary without passing a special resolution in its general meeting except in cases where such divestment is made under a scheme of arrangement duly approved by Court/Tribunal or under a resolution plan duly approved under section 31 of the Insolvency Code and such an event is disclosed to the recognized stock exchanges within one day of the resolution plan being approved.
6. Selling, disposing and leasing of assets amounting to more than twenty percent of the assets of the Material Subsidiary on an aggregate basis during a financial year shall require prior approval of shareholders by way of special resolution unless the sale/disposal/lease is made under a scheme of arrangement duly approved by a Court/Tribunal or under a resolution plan duly approved under section 31 of the Insolvency Code and such an event is disclosed to the recognized stock exchanges within one day of the resolution plan being approved.

## **AMENDMENTS**

The Board may, subject to applicable laws amend any provision(s) or substitute any of the provision(s) with the new provision(s) or replace the Policy entirely with a new Policy, based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee. The Board may also establish further rules and procedures, from time to time, to give effect to this Policy and to ensure governance of material subsidiary companies.

## **SCOPE AND LIMITATION**

In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this Policy and the Listing Agreement/Companies Act, 2013 or any other statutory enactments, rules, the provisions of such SEBI (LODR), 2015/ Companies Act, 2013 or statutory enactments, rules shall prevail over this Policy.

## **DISSEMINATION OF POLICY**

This policy shall be hosted on the website of the Company and a web link thereto shall be provided in the annual report of the Company

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